Operational Experience - Viewpoint from Tier-2s

Andreas Gellrich for the DESY Grid Team

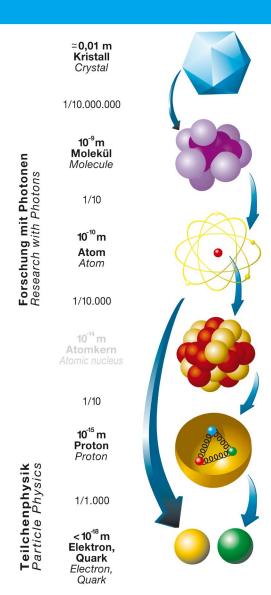
Viewpoint from Tier-2s WLCG Collaboration Workshop 11-13 July 2011 DESY, Hamburg





Outline

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- Experiences (→ thanx to NGI_DE Tier-2s)
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 - Operations
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Introduction: DESY

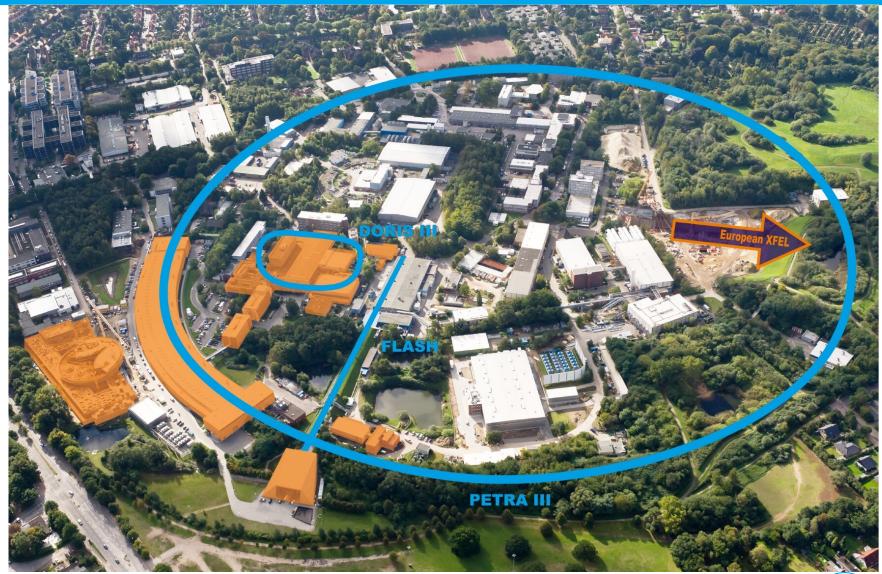
- DESY is one of the world's leading accelerator centres and a member of the Helmholtz Association. DESY develops, builds and operates large particle accelerators used to investigate the structure of matter. DESY offers a broad research spectrum of international standing focusing on three main areas: accelerator development, construction and operation; photon science; particle and astroparticle physics.
- Thanks to its expertise and worldwide unique diversity of excellent light sources, DESY is a very attractive venue for more than 3000 scientists from over 40 countries a year, and a sought-after partner in national and international cooperations and projects. The DESY research programme is not restricted to the facilities at its two locations in Hamburg and Zeuthen. DESY is closely involved in a number of major international projects, including the X-ray laser European XFEL in Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein, the Large Hadron Collider LHC in Geneva, the neutrino telescope IceCube at the South Pole and the International Linear Collider ILC.
- > DESY was founded 1959 and celebrated its 50th birthday in 2009



Introduction: DESY 1965



Introduction: DESY 2011



DESY Grid Center: History

- DESY has a long tradition in HEP computing (serving experiments on site)
- > 2003: First look into Grid computing
- > 2003: Future key technology to access resources
- > 2004: LCG_2-1 Grid infrastructure H1 and ZEUS, IceCube, ILC, ILDG
- > 2004: EGEE(2/3) / DECH
- > 2004: Tier-2 for ATLAS, CMS, LHCb
- > 2005: Foundation of national D-Grid (DGI(2) and HEPCG)
- > 2007: National Analysis Facility (NAF) (ATLAS, CMS, LHCb, ILC)
- 2010: Start of EGI / NGI_DE and EMI (dCache)

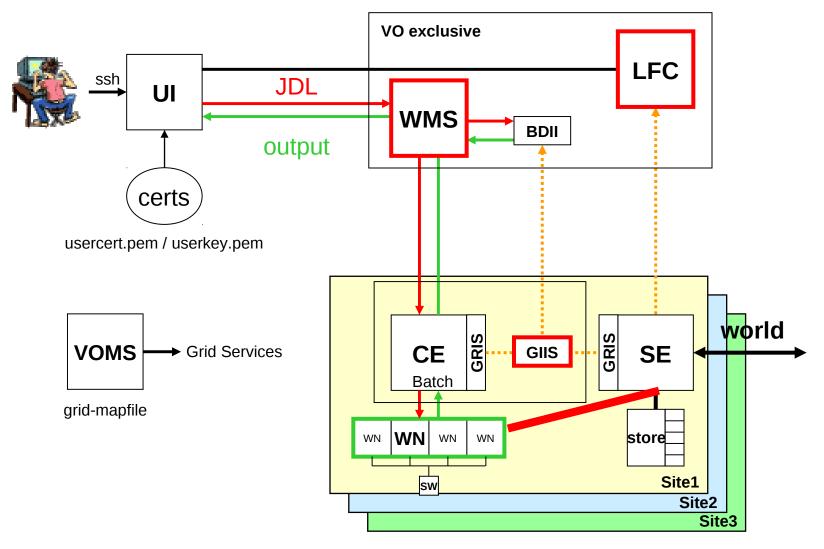


DESY Grid Center: Grid + NAF

- > The Grid infrastructure reflects DESY's manifold scientific programme
- > DESY is the home of 10 VOs (6 global), incl. non-HEP
- > Tier-2 for ATLAS, CMS, and LHCb in Germany (Tier-1: GridKa)
- > Tier-0/1 for HERA; ILC VOs incl. testbeams (DESY, FNAL, CERN); CTA
- > Tape back-end for non-Tier-2
- > One *complete generic* Grid infrastructure for *all* VOs
- > Federated resources w/ opportunistic usage
- Currently, roughly 2/3 of the resources are assigned to the Tier-2 VOs
- > Grid is complemented by the National Analysis Facility (NAF) [size: ~1 Tier-2]

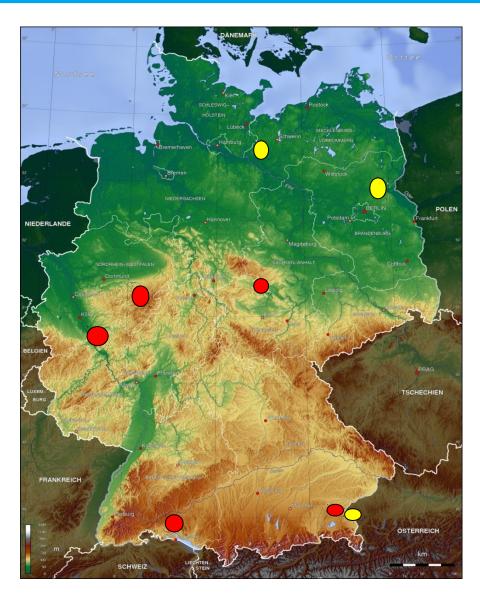


DESY Grid Center: Grid Infrastructure





DESY Grid Center: NGI_DE Tier-2s



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http://lcg.web.cern.ch/LCG/Resources/WLCGResources-2010-2012_15DEC2010.pdf

	CPU	CPU	Disk	Disk
	2011	2012	2011	2012
	[HS]	[HS]	[TB]	[TB]
A DESY	6200	6600	1050	1350
C DESY	11800	12900	640	900
A Goettingen	3800	4000	400	590
C Aachen	6600	8700	330	435
A Munich	9220	11560	1040	1340
A FR/Wupp	4633	4917	633	733
A FR/W	4610	5780	518	668
Freiburg				
Summe CMS	18400	21600	970	1335
Summe Atlas	28463	32857	3641	4701
SumDESY	18000	19500	1690	2250
SumNonDESY	28863	34957	2921	3786
GrandTotAllT2 WW	725324	776203	60454	71998



DESY Grid Center: Grid Infrastructure

Two DESY Grid sites:

- DESY-HH ldap://grid-giis.desy.de:2170/mds-vo-name=DESY-HH,o=grid
- DESY-ZN ldap://lcg-giis.ifh.de:2170/mds-vo-name=DESY-ZN,o=grid

> VOs at DESY:

- DESY: 'calice' & 'ilc' 'hermes' & 'hone' & 'zeus' 'cta' & 'icecube' 'ildg' 'xfel.eu'
- Tier-2: 'atlas' & 'cms' & 'lhcb'
- non-HEP: 'biomed' & 'enmr.eu'
- Operations: 'dech' 'desy' 'dgops' 'dteam' 'ghep' 'ops'

> Grid Core Services:

- Icg-CE, CREAM-CE, VOMRS/VOMS, top-level BDII, 6 WMS, LB, LFC, PX
- Load balancing via DNS aliases for BDII, WMS, CREAM-CE
- VODIRs on NFS

> Network:

LHCone: dedicated connection between (big) sites



DESY Grid Center: Grid Infrastructure (cont'd)

Computing Resources: (CE) [SL5 / 64-bit]

grid-ce4/5/-cr5.desy.de 4232 slots @ 372 hosts

1cg-ce0/-cream.ifh.de 712 slots @ 89 hosts

■ Total: 33.9 + 8.6 kHS06

Storage Resources: (SE) (dCache)

dcache-se-atlas.desy.de
ATLAS: 800 TB

dcache-se-cms.desy.de
CMS:
1000 TB

dcache-se-desy.desy.de others: 350 TB

• lcg-se0.ifh.de ATLAS: 550 TB

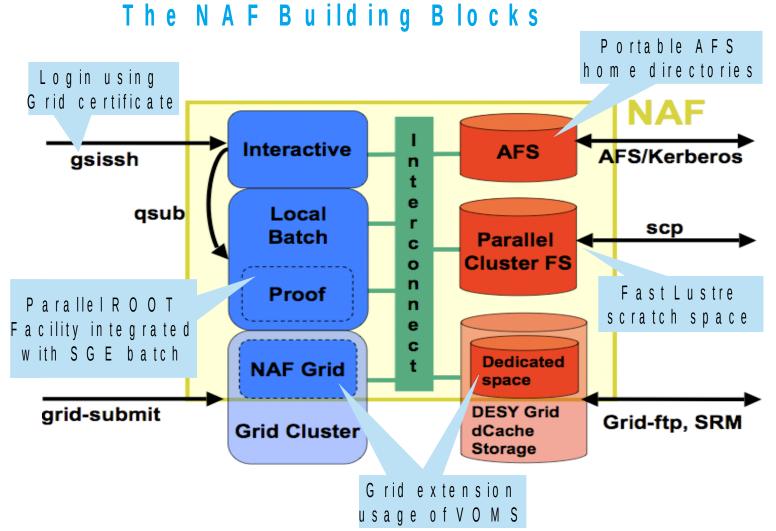
• lcg-se1.ifh.de
LHCb: 180 TB

globe-door.ifh.de others: 500 TB

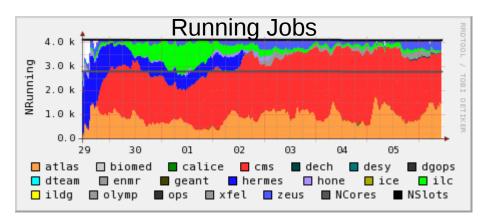
■ Total: 3380 TB

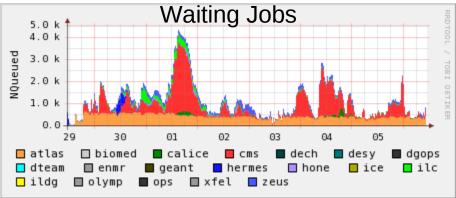


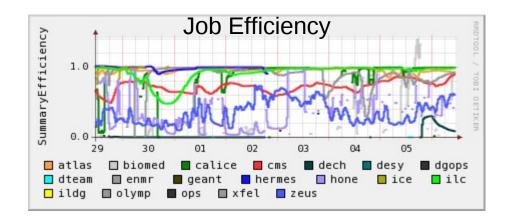
DESY Grid Center: National Analysis Facility (NAF)



Statistics: Jobs at DESY-HH (weekly)

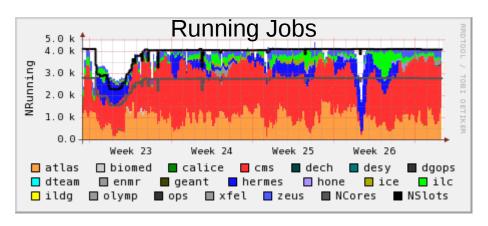


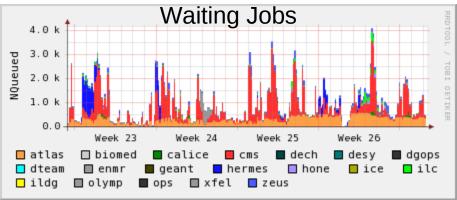


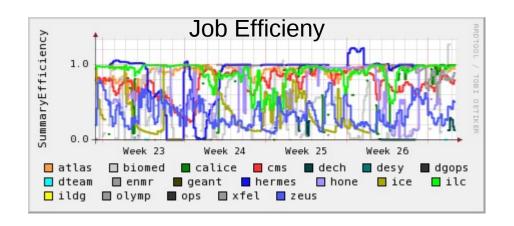




Statistics: Jobs at DESY-HH (monthly)

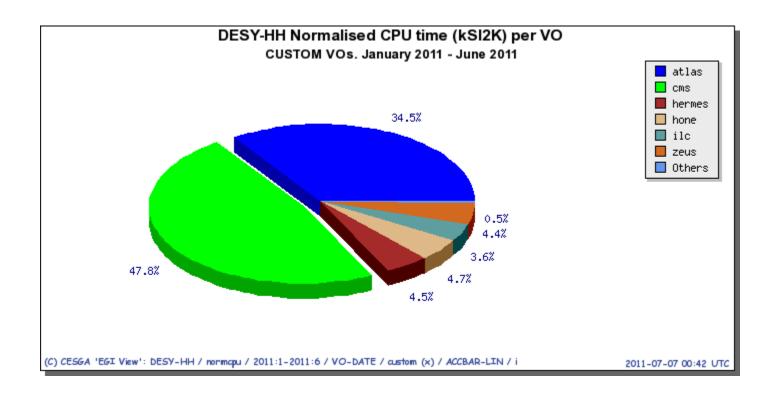






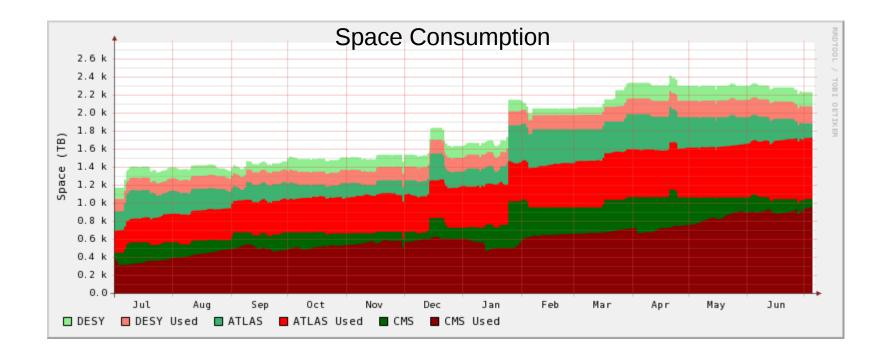


Statistics: DESY Production (all VOs)



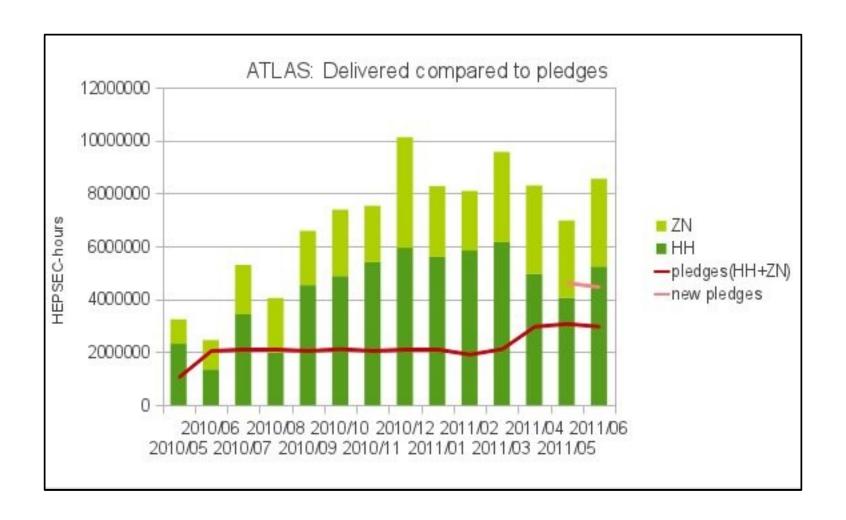


Statistics: Space Consumption (DESY-HH)



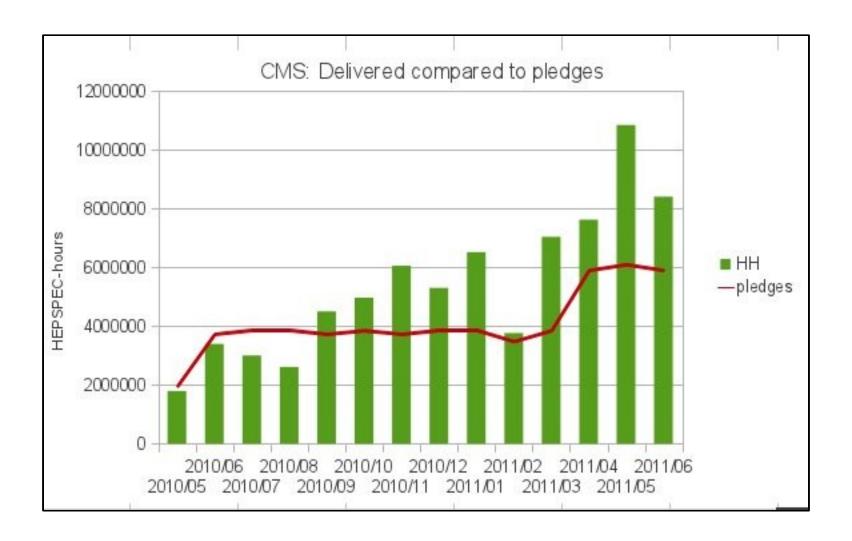


Statistics: DESY Production (ATLAS)



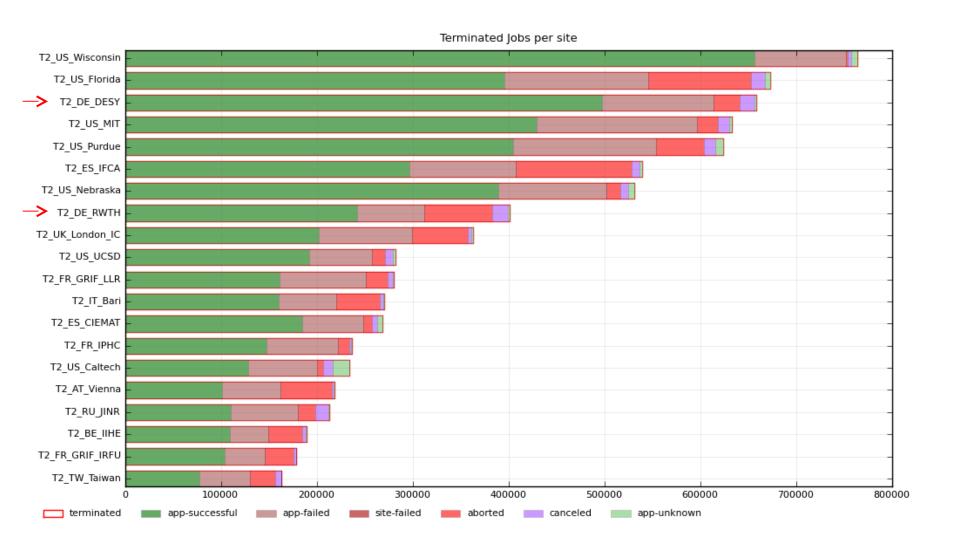


Statistics: DESY Production (CMS)



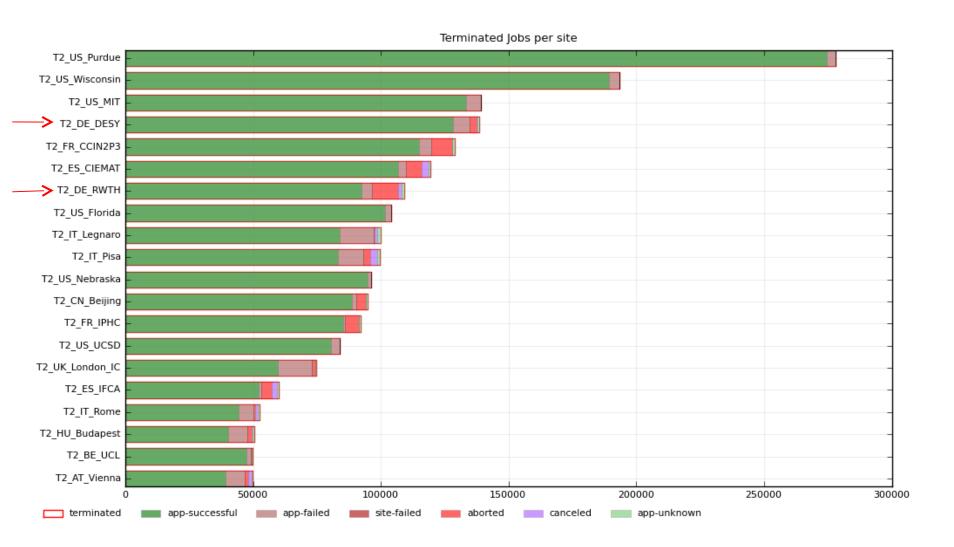


Statistics: Tier-2 Production (CMS)



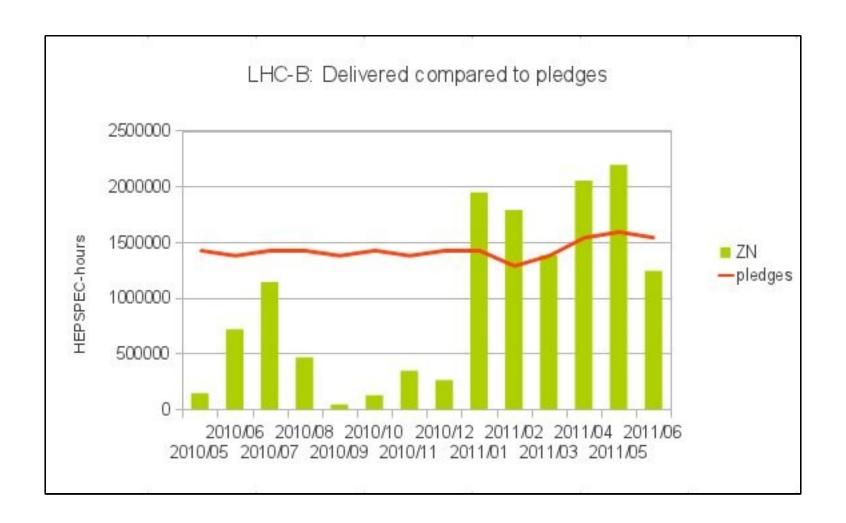


Statistics: Tier-2 Production (CMS MC 2011)



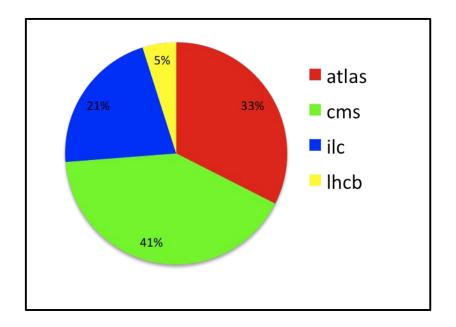


Statistics: DESY Production (LHCb)





Statistics: NAF usage by VO's





Experiences: Paradigms

- Main goal: Keep site in production!
- > Multi-VO Grid infrastructure serving various science fields
 - Generic Grid infrastructure
 - DESY is the home of 10 VOs
 - Grid services
 - Grid resources
 - Tier-2 is a (big) part of the DESY Grid infrastructure
- > Federating resources
- > Opportunistic use of resources



Experiences: Operations (Jobs)

- > Up to 24 (mostly 16 or 8) job slots per physical WN
- > Always 2 GB of physical memory per slot (+2GB swap)
- > Number of jobs per user per WN limited to 50% of slots
- Local disk usage is limited to 15/20 GB
- > Local memory usage is limited to 6 GB
- > CPU/Wall-time limit on queues: 48h/72h
- > Jan Jun 2011: (½ year)
 - ATLAS : CMS : OTH = 32.8% : 48.1% : 19.1% (CPU time)
 - 4M jobs (2.1% canceled)
 - 1748 CPUy (9.3% canceled)
 - 14kHS06y (1.3kHS06y canceled) [\rightarrow 2.6kHS06/y is a $\sim \frac{1}{2}$ Tier-2]



Experiences: Operations (Data)

- > Jobs are *transient* / data are *persistent* ...
- > dCache SEs
- > We must limit the number of user jobs to keep the job efficiency up
- Depending on the usage patterns, increasing number of jobs does not increase utilized CPU time when job efficiency shrinks
 - The VO's data access patterns differ substantially
 - e.g. for CMS user analysis O(1)M files on hundreds of dCache pool nodes are accessed from the Grid and the NAF concurrently
- Access patterns could be distinguished via VOMS groups/roles
- This does not work with pilots!



Experiences: Services & Middleware

- Overall stability and performance
- > gLite packaging (BDII, openLDAP 2.4)
- > CREAM stability
- > GLEXEC / ARGUS
- > TORQUE upgrade (/var/spool/pbs → /var/torque)
- > TORQUE security advice
- > UI for SL5 / 32-bit used on desktops / laptops
- > EMI vs. gLite: yaim?



Experiences: Support

- > Grid sites are part of global infrastructure and depend on it
 - Network
 - Data transfers
 - VOMS
 - catalogues
- > Big multi-VO:
 - Long term expertise
 - Different VOs with different requirements
- > Smaller university sites:
 - Clear assignment to a small number of VOs
 - Usually, less expertise and little long term personnel



Experiences: Support (cont'd)

- > Downtime management
- > Accounting
- > WLCG: Alliance of sites or VOs or middleware devs?
- > Recent security drill:
 - Site admins feel primarily responsible for their sites and might not want to distinguish the pilot user from the payload user



Experiences: Issues & Concerns

- Conceptional / paradigmatic changes:
 - authorization via VOMS groups/roles vs. Pilots (GLEXEC)
 - Keep Grid infrastructure generic vs. extras for VOs (CERN-VMFS)
 - Changing computing models (data distribution)
- > Future of TORQUE
 - Scalability
 - Alternatives? SGE? SLURM? Middleware?
- "whole node scheduling"
 - Middleware capabilities
 - Accounting
- > Virtualization / Clouds (→ HEPiX)



Experiences: Issues & Concerns (cont'd)

- Does WLCG take EGI/EMI seriously?
- > Will WLCG be compatible with Grid infrastructure in the future?
- > Fraction of WLCG in the future?



Conclusions

- The DESY Grid Center reflects the scientific computing at DESY
- > We see (increasing) demands of non-LHC and non-HEP communities
- We run one (generic) Grid infrastructure for all VOs, federating resources with opportunistic usage
- > The NAF complements the Grid for interactive data analysis
- Operations and support is rather complex
- > We need middleware which allows us to run the Grid center
- > Generally, ad hoc solutions do not help ...



